

Mechanic's Advocate.

"THE LABORER IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE."

ALBANY, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1848.

One Dollar per Annum, in Advance.



WHO SPEAKS FIRST?

We earnestly invite our friends to aid us in the way of funds. Some hundreds are now indebted, and we are in need of money to meet our current expenses. As our time is wholly employed in the cause, we have little time to write dunning letters to those in arrears. Will our agents give us a lift?

Another Premium.

Having recently come in possession of a copy of Vol. 1, of the *Advocate*, we offer it as a prize to the person sending us the largest number of subscribers previous to the first of December next. All letters post marked on or before the first, will be in season. We will furnish the volume bound.

A Little Plain Talk.

Another election, and one of the utmost importance to all classes, has just taken place. The results are before us, and though they are intimately connected, for good or for evil, with every class of our people yet who of them all will be so richly and permanently benefitted, in all probability, as the *winning politicians*—the least useful of all the millions of electors who marched to the polls on the 7th inst. They are regarded, and they only, as the victors, and to them, in accordance with the slip shod loaf and fish principles of modern politics, are awarded the spoils. The millions who voted have secured to office-holders, office seekers, and the whole beggarly crew of demagogues, political hacks, and wire pullers, the fat pickings and fat jobs of official patronage and partizan favoritism.

Well, whose fault is it? Is it that of the pecuniary gainers by this grand result of the free and independent exercise of the blood-bought privilege of suffrage? Certainly not! They labored assiduously in their own behalf, and for the furtherance of their own selfish, mercenary, time-serving ends, and to work them out to their own advantage, threw snuff in the eyes of the "dear, dear people," affected entire disinterestedness of purpose, published themselves as patriots, free and undefiled, and to all appearance, loved nothing half so well as their "beloved country" and "cherished institutions." And yet the scamps loved themselves above everything else, and were utterly selfish in all that they said or did with reference to the great struggle which has just closed. They played their parts well. Their success is surely well deserved, and is peculiarly that of the skillful and keen-eyed gambler, who will pick your pockets clean in a fair and honest game of "poker."

Hundreds of times this self-same game has been just as successfully played by these bold gamblers, and hundreds of times have the "dear" and cheated "people," while blowing the snuff out of each others eyes, swore, more terribly than any army that ever occupied Flanders, that it was "the last time they would be humbugged into the furtherance of the pecu-

iar interests of political demagogues." How many more *last times* are there to be?

Whatever other classes of community may see fit to do hereafter, we trust the MECHANICS, at least, will learn to look after the furtherance of their own interests a little more sharply, and spend less of their influence and energies in behalf of those who are always willing enough to employ them as tools, and make innumerable professions of interest, with low wages to match, but who never fail to display an astonishing ignorance of, and indifference to, their wishes, interests and rights after the battle is fought and the victory achieved. Let these precious scamps work out their own ends. Leave them to themselves. In every great struggle, where so much is at stake as there was on the 7th inst., let the Mechanics look out keenly after the honor and the glory of their country and the steady and recognized advancement of themselves, as individuals and as a class. Let them seek to help themselves by aiding in the true, honest, enlightened and independent elevation of Free Labor.

The man who helps himself is independent; but he who helps another into office in consideration of sundry promises of effort in his behalf, or in behalf of his class, is mighty apt to get regularly "done brown." If the Mechanics can help themselves they had by all means better do so. It is the safe course, at least, if not the wisest and the best.

If the hundreds of thousands of the sturdy Mechanics of our country had acted in concert and understandingly, though independently of distinct political organization, in the late elections, they might not only have controlled every choice that was made, from President down to Coroner and Superintendent of the Poor, but also secured the election of the known and pledged friends of them and their rights in every instance! In this State there are about 125,000 Mechanics. Suppose this vote, or half, or one-third of it, had been understandingly cast in one direction, in every county, from the Electoral to the District Tickets; what would have been the result? The canvass of the polls and the majorities show that it would have brought about, in every instance, the election of the friends of the Mechanics and covered their enemies with the discomfiture of total rout—"horse, foot and dragons."

And so it might have been throughout the United States, for there is nearly everywhere to be found about the same proportion of Mechanics to the total vote.

Just think of the inestimable and permanently excellent results of one such example. By it the Mechanics would easily gain all that they ask for, all that they need, all that they are unjustly deprived of, all that they are earnestly combatting for. After one such decisive and feeling exercise of the power they possess, the victory would be completely won, and its advantages permanently placed in their hands. Ever afterwards, politicians would humbly defer to their wishes, and act only in accordance with them.

But it seems almost impossible to drill our friends into this healthy and independent exercise of the political power which their numbers, and their importance and necessity as a class, clothes them with. They slumber over their best interests. They suffer the controlling influences of partizanship to lord it too much over their own peculiar bread and butter interests and general rights and wants. They are too apt to act from impulse, or suffer themselves to be led by the Jeremy Diddlers, Dicky Gammons and two-and-sixpenny patriots who are so plentiful and so busy during every political contest, and who, for a few weeks in the course of every year, become suddenly impressed, not only with the fact of the actual existence of such a class of fellow-mortals as the Mechanics, but also with the idea of their political strength and importance.—If the Mechanics would keep those mercenary myrmidons at arm's length, assert their independence and act accordingly they would secure their own interests and elevate themselves to their proper level.

They would do well also, to avoid the egregious error they sometimes fall into, of organizing themselves into a distinctive, or Mechanics Party, with the purpose of securing the election of their friends. It is not the true way of effecting so desirable an object, as we have shown fifty times, aye! and proved too. The means almost invariably defeat the end. They filter away their strength by directing and mis-directing it, and thus afford their enemies an easier triumph. The true plan is, to attend and control the primary meetings of the contending parties, secure the nomination of candidates pledged to vote in accordance with their interests and wishes, if elected, and then turn out and vote for them. This plan, while it secures all that is worth securing, also saves the Mechanic the time, trouble, expense and defeat of a separate political organization, as well as the disgrace of political suicide.

We know of an Assembly District in this State, in which one party put in nomination an enemy, and the other party a known and tried friend of the Mechanics. In this case, it was clearly their duty, if worth while at all to prove themselves true to their own interests, to bury party predilections and prejudices, and all turn in and give their friend a unanimous and hearty support; thus electing him, and preventing the re-nomination, at any future time, by either party in that District, of men inimical to the Mechanics interests. But what did they do? We are ashamed to be obliged to say that they organized a "Workingman's Party" in that District, nominated a third candidate, and thus secured the triumphant election of their declared and abhorred enemy!

If such conduct is not suicidal and silly, then we are unable to judge and are willing to "knock under," on the shortest notice and in the neatest manner.

We hope the day is not far distant, when the Mechanics will awake themselves to a more judicious understanding of their own position, and act with more wisdom. Their destinies are in their own hands. If they are not shaped to suit them, they can have none to blame but themselves.

The Workingmen of Albany in Council.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the workingmen of the Third Assembly District, held at the National Garden, on Friday evening, 31 inst., JOHN TANNER was called to the Chair, and E. ANDREWS appointed Secretary.

The CHAIR stated the object of the meeting to be to ratify the nomination of ELIJAH DYGART, their candidate for Assembly. The Chair further remarked—

My friends, we have but properly to use the political power which is placed in our hands, and a single year would see commenced the destruction of every evil under which we now groan and suffer. Yes; let the mandate go forth that the working classes are to a man united, and we shall soon see a different state of things. He appealed to those assembled to stand firm in the position they occupied, and to support their own candidate.

Mr. J. ANGELO CANOLL being present, in accordance with previous announcement, was first called for, and appeared amid the enthusiastic applause of his audience. He observed that it had been suggested to him that the meeting might adopt some action in reference to the adoption of a candidate for the State Legislature; but, that embarrassed by previous positions of partizan character, he would not detain his audience by observations upon nominees for that, or for any political position, but preferred to treat of the laboring classes socially.

The manner in which Mr. Canoll proceeded to treat his theme combined great brilliancy of eloquence with that extent of erudition which is essential to successful and true oratory. Briefly unfolding various principles and systems which, in ancient times, had effected the

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depression of the masses—reviewing the prejudices existing against them, their causes, character and results—investigating at length the measures and things which bear heavily upon their interests—evinced great power and clearness of perception into the nature and tendencies of the evils to which he referred, he canvassed his subject with an ability, strength and force which secured the deepest attention of the assemblage. He adverted to several errors retained in the modern school of political economy, and submitted, exclusive of the Lien Law, Ten Hour System, and other prominent issues, a series of measures whose incorporation into legislative action, and of principles, whose more general diffusion and recognition, he deemed essential to the protection of the Laboring Classes, and adapted to the general well being of community.

This Speech—aside from its delivery, which was likewise admirable—was a splendid specimen of oratory, and worthy to be ranked among many of standard merit and reputation. The audience, alternately transported by the glowing beauties of his eloquence—now subdued by the depth of his argument and originality of his views, listened with eager attention, throughout, to a speech of surpassing interest and instruction. It is regretted that no reporter was present, to furnish it to the public in a proper form. We are unable to present even an outline of his remarks, which however, bereaved of the graces it derived from his language and delivery, might disappoint the sanguine anticipations of those who were present.

J. S. WASHBURN, of Troy, was then introduced to the meeting. He remarked, that he was no public speaker and that the assembled toilers need expect nothing from him but a few plain, practical remarks, in a plain way. He was extremely gratified to see so large an attendance of Workingmen, as it spoke in unmistakable language a determination to act in the coming contest. Monopolies, he said, were unjust, and should not be tolerated in a republic. He had nothing to do with the old parties, they had proved themselves the curse of the country. He plainly saw the cause of the degradation of labor, and attributed it to class legislation, or legislating entirely for capital, to the total exclusion of labor. He spoke of the monopoly of the soil, and attributed the present degraded state of Europe to that evil. We in this country too, he said, are the victims of land speculation.

But it is useless for us to attempt a report of his speech. It was a masterly effort of a master mind, and kept the audience enchained for nearly an hour. If sincerity is a virtue, our friend Washburn, we think, is one of the most virtuous men of the age.

Mr. DYGERT, the Workingman's candidate for Assembly, was then called out, and pledged himself, if elected, to labor for the rights of his constituents, to the best of his abilities.

Several other addresses were made which we have not now room to notice.

JOHN TANNER, *Ch'n.*E. ANDREWS, *Sec'y.*

JUSTICE TO DAY & NEWELL.—We call the attention of our readers to the communication in to-days paper, with the above title. It seems that some of our statements were *untrue*, although at the time we penned the article, we had no intention of injuring Day & Newell. We trust those of our exchanges who copied our first article will copy the explanation, so that their readers may read both sides.

CHURCHILL'S HOTEL.—We understand that many of Mr. Churchill's patrons have had the impression that his hotel was swept away by the large fire, and so, on visiting the city, have sought other quarters. But the impression is erroneous. The fire did not reach Hudson street below Broadway.—*Evening Journal.*

By the way, we board at Churchill's, and would recommend our friends, visiting Albany, to give him a call. They will find all the delicacies of a first class hotel, with all the conveniences of home. Churchill's is the oldest Temperance House in Albany.

For the Mechanic's Advocate

JUSTICE TO DAY & NEWELL.

We unintentionally and without a knowledge of the facts, published in our journal of the 28th of Oct., some remarks in connection with a certificate signed by Gov. Bouck, of New York, relating to the operation of Messrs. Day & Newell on one of Jones' locks at the Custom House in that city, and also a statement that these gentlemen had one of their celebrated locks opened by a Mr. Hall of Boston, on the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company vault, at Cincinnati. As these remarks were incorrect and materially untrue, arising from a misapprehension on our part of the facts connected therewith, we give place to the following, in order that the public may not be misled by them to the detriment of Messrs. Newell & Day's reputation, and the celebrated lock which they manufacture:

In the first place, it is *untrue*, as our remarks would imply that Messrs. Day & Newell, or their agent, ever operated thirty days, on Jones' lock at the Custom House. They were at the Custom House in all the detail of preparation and operation, but little over half that number of hours. It is also untrue that the lock in question was on a large safe in the Custom House; it was on the office door in that building. But it is true that Day & Newell made arrangements with Gov. Bouck to pick Jones' lock, with the express understanding they should have a fair opportunity to test its security, and that Jones should not practice any trick or be permitted to remove the lock from the door during the operation. It is also true that Gov. Bouck notwithstanding the arrangement or understanding, did permit Jones to take the lock from the door during the absence of Messrs. Day & Newell, and substitute another in its place. (This was done while they were making suitable instruments to pick it with.) And again it is true that Gov. Bouck, on seeing the instruments that were made, appeared to be alarmed and would not permit them to operate until he had first consulted Jones, who had left the city, assigning for his reason that Jones had told him not to allow any instruments to be used in picking the lock but *crooked wires*, hereby postponing and delaying the operation from day to day, and debaring the operators from such privileges as burglars would necessarily have in the event of trying to rob the Treasury. It is also true that, notwithstanding the impediments which ended the farce, that Day & Newell were ready and willing to continue the operations and pick the lock if Gov. Bouck would permit them, but was *refused*. It is also true that Day & Newell published these facts in the New York Tribune of May 22, stating that they held themselves in readiness to pick the lock on the Custom House at any time Gov. Bouck would permit, but have never heard from him on the subject since, consequently Messrs. Day & Newell pronounce the trial a palpable farce, and Gov. Bouck's certificate an unjust expression of their ability to have picked the lock in question. Therefore Day & Newell calls upon Gov. Bouck to gain say this statement in any particular if he can. Again: it is *untrue* that the lock on the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company's vault, as implied in our remarks, is Day & Newell's celebrated lock. Their celebrated lock is the *Parautoptic Bank Lock*, which is now on more banks in the United States than any other lock in existence, and is the safest lock in the world. It is also *untrue* that Hall of Boston, or any other person, ever picked the lock on the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company's vault, nor will they live long enough to accomplish this feat; the lock was made by Day & Newell but was not their Patent Parautoptic Bank Lock. It is also true that a Hall of Boston attempted to pick the Stetson's lock, and after operations for several hours, put the lock in a condition that he could not unlock it even with the true key. It is also true that in consequence of this the cashier, Mr. Stetson, had to get the door forced open in order to gain access to his vault. It is likewise true that Mr. Stetson allowed Jones and Hall

to take the lock from the door after this and to take it to a Locksmith's shop in Cincinnati, where they had something done to it, and after which they Hall & Jones took it away with them, and had it in their possession all night—sufficient time to make a key to it for their purpose; it is true also, that Jones & Hall, after they had kept the lock in their possession all this time, were permitted by said Stetson to place it upon the door again the next evening, and after various maneuvers, succeeded in making Mr. Stetson believe that his lock had been picked. Again: it is true that when this news reached Day & Newell, they wrote several letters to Mr. Stetson and *post-paid them*, enquiring for an explanation in a matter of so much importance to them, but Mr. Stetson, for purposes best known to himself, has never condescended to answer one of them, although he had a warrantee that if his lock was ever picked that the money which he paid for it should be refunded. Such is the information which we have been furnished with from Day & Newell, respecting these transactions, and must say that they expose degrees of injustice and foul dealing which we thought men incapable of practicing.

Messrs. Day & Newell call upon Mr. Stetson, cashier of the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company to make any statement if he can that will disapprove in the least the expose herein made, holding themselves responsible to him for any detail in the matter that is not strictly true in every particular respecting the gross libel and fraud practiced on the lock in question.

N. B. We omitted to say in our letter that the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company has not, nor never had, our celebrated Parautoptic Bank Lock on their vault. All the particulars are contained in the article which we send you for publication, every part of which is strictly true, we having an affidavit of the Ohio business, from the locksmith who forced open the door for Stetson.

New York, Nov. 6, 1848.

Baby Jumpers.

'Reader, let us be serious together for a moment? Did you ever see a baby jumper with a baby in it?—No. Well, go to Van Schaacks and buy a jumper and then borrow a baby, and put the two together, and set 'em a going! As Mr. Weller observed 'you will be glad on't afterwards.' You will never see infant felicity in this world so complete till you do it. We have witnessed the combination, and seen a little pair of soft, elliptical legs, playing away under the hoop, as if they had been hired to visit some remote place within a given period, and were afraid they should be behind the time! A baby will learn to laugh just a month sooner, under the excitement of a jumper, than by any course of discipline, and as for 'squalling'—(which frequently subjects the unfortunate father to the necessity of swallowing a whole vial of paragoric in order to make the little responsibilities quiet) a baby can't squall in a jumper. We have pinched them ourselves to see, and they only laughed in our face! Van is the great baby benefactor of his day. Children will grow up to bless him that would have died in a swinging crib. He can 'have our hat,' and when we get to be a grandfather, we mean to have a baby jumper ourselves.

Now do, dear reader, buy a jumper, if you are unable to do better, a cat isn't a bad operator, if you are not particular about legs. A turkey is better still; but a live, fat BABY—!

The Cincinnati Reporter of the 1st inst, says there were 86,800 stoves manufactured in that city during the past year, of which 63,000 were shipped to other places. This business is rapidly increasing.

"What you got there Joe?" "I got a ham."—"That ain't a ham, its nothing but a shoulder." "Its a ham, I tell you, but not an *ultra* ham."

Several articles are again crowded out.

Union Hall,
BY GEORGE KREUDER,
No. 15 Montgomery st., near the Railroad Depot.
ALBANY. 96

NO MONOPOLY—EVENING LINE.
Through without Landing.



The Steam Palace RIP VAN WINKLE, Sam'l Schuyler commander, will leave the New Steamboat Landing, Broadway, first street below Hamilton, Sunday afternoon at 6 o'clock. 73

FULLER'S EXPRESS.—GEORGE FULLER has fitted up an Express Wagon for carrying parcels, packages and light freight, &c. He will forward to Whitehall, Burlington and Montreal, by Virgil & Rice; he will forward to Lansingburgh, Waterford, Stillwater, Saratoga, Schaghticoke, Easton, Union Village, Sandy Hill, Glens Falls, Pittstown, Hoosack, Bennington, Bantlebo of Arlington, and Manchester. G. F. will attend to all business entrusted to his care, with punctuality and despatch. Orders left at COOKE'S News Office, 464 Broadway. 84tf.

A. F. FITZPATRICK.

Real Estate Agent.

Cor. Chapel and Steuben sts.

80mo3

ALBANY, N. Y.

INDIGESTION CURED!

Messrs. Burrows & Nellegar: Albany, Jan. 20, 1846
Gentlemen—For a long time I have been troubled with an eruption on my face, and seeing your advertisement of Sarsaparilla, I thought I would give it a trial. I have used but one bottle, and find it to be all it represented. Being previously troubled with indigestion, I now find it entirely removed, and would recommend your fluid Sarsaparilla as an immediate relief for that disease. In fact, it acts as a charm with my constitution; as a purifier of the blood, it is without exception the best medicine I ever used.

Yours, &c.

JOHN SEXTON.

Sold wholesale and retail at MEDICAL HALL, cor. of South Pearl and Plain sts. at \$8 per doz. \$4 per half doz.

TO OUR 50,000 READERS.

Herrick's Vegetable Sugar Coated Pills continue to achieve unparalleled triumphs in the treatment of diseases. 200,000 boxes of these pills are annually sold, and the demand is still increasing. They have been the means of preventing days and years of intense suffering. All that have ever used them recommend them. They have worked an entire change in the treatment of bilious diseases. These pills kept in the house and taken according to the directions accompanying them, is a family physician in constant attendance. They are the workingman's friend. Their use requires no change of business or diet. They are the female's protector—all females who wish to enjoy good and prolonged health should use once a month a few of these pills. They are the child's guardian. Children afflicted with worms should use no other medicine but these pills. Worms cannot stay in the stomach and bowels where these pills are; and, in fact, they are the world's pills, and who would be without them. Price 25 cents per box.

Sold by all the druggists. Principal office No. 6 James st. No charge for advice. Medicine to the poor gratis. These pills, together with Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plaster, can be found in every city, village and town where this paper circulates. 97

MAMMOTH VARIETY STORE, and house-keeper's emporium, No. 385 Broadway, Albany. The above extensive establishment has recently undergone very important alterations, and is now in the arrangement alone, a novelty and worthy of notice. It is indeed a desirable place of resort, where old or young may while away their leisure moments. The proprietor wishes to distinctly understand that he and his assistants are at all times happy to wait on visitors who call merely from curiosity—indeed, those citizens who will take the trouble to call, and when convenient introduce their friends (strangers in the city,) for the purpose of examining his unique collection, will confer on the subscriber a favor, while he trusts to themselves the time will not be wholly lost. (22) E. VAN SCHAAK

Registers for Protections always on hand made from the best materials and ruled according to the system now in use—at \$1.25 per Register.
H. R. HOFFMAN, No. 71 State st. Albany.



O. L. MASON,



LIVERY KEEPER, adjoining the Danham House, Cleveland, O. Also at Elyria, O. Horses and Carriages at all times in readiness to convey passengers from either of the above points. 97

COAL! COAL! COAL!—Lackawanna, Lehigh and Pench Mountain Coal, of various sizes for family use. Also Lackawanna and Lehigh Lump coal by the cargo or less quantity, for sale by JAMES SCHUYLER, No. 87 Bassett st., cor. Franklin. 99

Wood.—JAMES SCHUYLER, dealer in WOOD, constantly on hand first quality Hickory, Maple, Beech Dock and Pine Wood. Yard 243, 247 & 249 South Pearl Street.

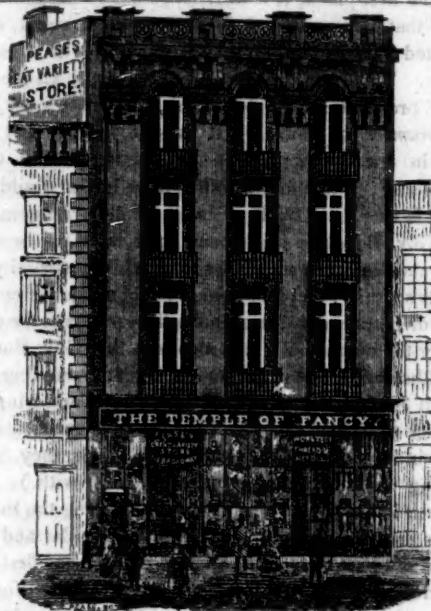
Wanted. A situation by a Pressman, who is competent to do all kinds of Book and Job Work. Inquire at No. 71-2 Broadway, next to the National Garden.

Mechanics Cheap Clothing Store.—H. W. Allen would respectfully inform the Mechanics of the city of Albany, and the public generally, that he keeps constantly on hand at his wholesale and retail clothing emporium, No. 425 Broadway, a large assortment of reasonable and serviceable clothing. All orders promptly executed and in the best and most substantial manner. Albany, September 18, 1847. 42tf

First rate Boots and Shoes, of all descriptions, at all prices, made by D. D. RAMSAY, 547 Broadway. Gentlemen wishing to get a first rate article of either boots, shoes, or congress gaiters, in the latest and most fashionable style, at the same time neat and durable, should give him a call: one trial will be sufficient to convince them that he can get up an article as good as can be made at any other place in this city. D. D. R. would also state to those who will favor him with a call that he will do his best to give them FITS of the rarest kind. Women's buskins of his own manufacture warranted also; ladies gaiters of a superior quality.

Standard Works for Libraries.—A large stock of Scientific and Literary Works, by foreign and American authors, for sale at remarkably low prices. E. H. BENDER, 75 State st. 35

Hercules Hillman, Formerly 614 Broadway, has removed his establishment to No. 24 Howard street; where repairing will be done on the most reasonable terms. Also, French calf boots made to order. 85m6



R. H. PEASE, Lithographer, Engraver in wood, and publisher of Games, Alphabets, and Toy Books. Wholesale and retail in the greatest possible variety of Combs and Brushes, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Games, Toys, Juvenile Books, &c., in the TEMPLE OF FANCY, 216 Broadway, Albany. Thread and Needles, Worsteds, Canvas and Patterns, Braids, Floss, Twist, Cheville.

REGALIA,

Gold and Silver Trimmings, Gold and Silver Stars, Fringe, Bullion, &c. Regalia made to order at short notice and at the lowest prices.

By JOHN YOUNG, Governor of the State of New York.

The year which will soon be added to the past, has been, to the people of this State, eminently auspicious. Plenty has crowned our harvests—labor has been justly rewarded, and everything around us evidences a healthy and enduring prosperity. War, with all its attendant evils, has passed away, and Peace, as honorable as welcome, has been restored. The means of education, and all the advantages of intellectual progress, have been enjoyed by us in an eminent degree, and the future is full of hope and promise.

As a Christian people, we are admonished that these blessings are the gift of a beneficent God, and while we thus rejoice in his bounty, we should not forget the homage due from grateful hearts.

I, therefore, respectfully recommend to the people of this State, to set apart Thursday, the twenty-third day of November next, to be observed as a day of Public Thanksgiving to Almighty God; and that with such Thanksgiving, be mingled Prayer to Him who holds in his hands the destinies of nations, for the continuance of those blessings which have been and are still so abundantly showered upon us.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the privy seal of the State to be hereunto affixed. Witness my hand, at the city of Albany, this twenty-eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

JOHN YOUNG.

By the Governor. HENRY V. COLT, Private Sec'y.

Cheap Literature.—The subscriber is in the receipt of all the new Works of the day as soon as published, and is now prepared to supply them on the most favorable terms, at wholesale and retail.

E. H. BENDER, 75 State st.

Daniel H. Camp, Successor to Wm. Glad- DING, No. 80 South Pearl street. Sign and ornamental Painting, imitations of wood and marble, gilding, glazing, &c., &c. Graining, with all its different varieties, beautifully executed, promptly attended to, at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms. 77

REGALIA:

At the Mammoth Variety Store,

ALBANY, N. Y.

The subscriber is extensively engaged in the Manufacture and sale of every description of Regalia; Also in the sale of Velvets, Merinos, Satins, Ribbons, Quality Bindings, Gold and Silver Trimmings, &c., &c., of which he has always on hand a splendid assortment. Orders in the above line will be filled at short notice and at lowest prices. Work and materials in all cases warranted to give satisfaction. 1y29 E. VAN SCHAAK, 335 Broadway.

Advertisements.

Advertisements are inserted in this paper at the following rates:

One square of 12 lines, one insertion,	\$0 50
" " two do	75
" " three do	1 00
" " one month,	1 25
" " three do	3 50
" " six do	7 00
" " twelve do	13 00

TERMS:—CASH IN ADVANCE.

Agents in Protections.

We wish to procure the services of an active Agent in every Protection in the United States. As the Advocate is the only publication that interests itself on the subject of Mutual Protection we trust our wishes in this respect will be complied with. The following brethren have already been appointed:

New York,

- RILEY P. BUTRICK, Lockport, No. 1.
- FARRINGTON PRICE, G. S., Rochester, No. 2.
- GEORGE KINCAID, Utica, No. 3.
- WM. GILES, Schenectady, No. 4.
- H. HOWARD, Lockport, No. 6.
- PETER W. CLAYTON, Brooklyn, No. 7.
- S. W. CHILDS, Waterloo, No. 9.
- JOHN W. MALONE, Troy, No. 10.
- H. M. WARREN, Batavia, No. 13.
- L. S. DAILEY, Geneva, No. 14.
- GEORGE HUCKETT, Troy, No. 15.
- J. CLYDE, Medina, No. 17.
- JAS. S. HUYLER, New York City, No. 19.
- SOLOMON PURDY, Rome, No. 23.
- JOHN CLAPP, Auburn, No. 24.
- G. J. WEBB, Buffalo, No. 25.
- L. MILLSAUGH, Ithaca, No. 26.
- A. G. GRANGER, Canandaigua, No. 27.
- FRANCIS YOUNGS, New York, No. 28.
- HENRY HAZELTON, Penn Yan, No. 29.
- E. ROBBINS, Syracuse, No. 30.
- J. M. CLARK, Watertown, No. 31.
- JONATHAN HOBART, Salina, No. 32.
- JOSEPH LEE, jr., Little Falls, No. 33.
- JOHN ASHLEY, Dansville, No. 36.
- G. HURLBUT, Middleport, No. 40.
- S. B. TERWILLIGER, Saratoga Springs, No. 43.
- JOHN MOAK, Theresa, No. 48.
- JOHN I. NICKS, Elmira, No. 49.
- PAUL BOYNTON, Canton, No. 52.
- GEO. B. KINER, Jordan, No. 56.
- E. HUNTER, Westfield, No. 58.
- WM. ALDRICH, Port Byron, No. 59.
- J. S. WASHBURN, Troy, No. 61.
- J. M. BROWN, Cohoes, No. 63.
- JEROME B. MEAD, Alabama Centre.

Traveling Agents.

HORACE E. HIGLEY, travelling agent.

J. W. STULL, travelling agent.

A. F. CHATFIELD, travelling agent.

Ohio.

- E. B. LACY, Cleveland, No. 1.
- A. W. STEELE, Painesville, No. 2.
- JAMES BAYLISS, Massillon, No. 3.
- JAMES HOLMES, Akron, No. 4.
- JACOB T. MARTIN, Ohio City, No. 5.
- A. G. SEARLS, Cleveland, No. 6.
- E. W. BROOKS, Elyria, No. 7.
- F. N. LEAVITT, Warren, No. 8.
- JAMES ANDERSON, Canton, No. 9.
- R. CREIGHTON, Cuyahoga Falls, No. 11.
- E. L. BURTON, Cuyahoga Falls, No. 11.
- GEO. BOWERS, Canal Dover, No. 16.
- WM. WISEMAN, Navarre, No. 18.
- ISAAC MATHEWS, Ohio.

Michigan.

- V. SHAW, Grand Rapids, No. 1.
- WM. R. MCCALL, Marshall, No. 2.
- A. P. GARDNER, Albion, No. 4.

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- OSMOND BAILEY, Milwaukee.
- ERASTUS COOK, Southport.

Pennsylvania.

- J. B. BOYARD, Newcastle.

ARTHUR SMITH,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Tinware, Stoves, Furniture, Pipe, &c.,
No. 774 Broadway, next to the National Garden,
ALBANY.

N. B. All kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to. 96

AVERELL HOUSE,

(LATE AMERICAN)

Directly opposite the Railroad Depot,
UTICA, N. Y.

Charges reasonable. Good stable accommodations connected with the house. The attention of Mechanics and Tradesmen is respectfully solicited, as the Proprietor is determined his house shall combine all the comforts of Home, with all the luxuries of a First Class Hotel. Trusty porters constantly in attendance at the cars and packets. August, 1848. (86yl) J. CLAPP.

Albany Steam Dye Works.

GEO. LAYCOCK having been burnt out at the late disastrous fire, his old friends and the public generally, will find him fully prepared to meet and execute all orders in his line of business, at 17 Norton st., and he respectfully solicits a share of the patronage heretofore bestowed so liberally upon the Dyeing and Scouring of Albany. It is not necessary for him, in a long and winding advertisement, to brag of what he can accomplish in his business; and he certainly will not impose upon the credulity of his friends, by pretensions in words which he cannot sustain in practice. That he has facilities for Dyeing and Scouring in all its branches, and is competent to execute any and every order left with him, may be fully and fairly tested by trial; and that trial he offers cheerfully and fearlessly challenges, even though required to dye articles that others in the trade of New York and Albany have declined to attempt.

The subscriber's Dyeing and Finishing is done by steam. Silk, Cotton and Woolen Goods, Merinos, Bombazines, Satins, Alpaccas, De Lanes, &c., &c., dyed all colors. Shawls of all descriptions, dyed in a style of brilliancy, unapproachable by the trade. Kid gloves cleaned in the finest style. Grateful for the patronage extended to him, the subscriber solicits a co-continuance of the same, as the best incentive to renewed efforts for improvement, if improvement be possible in his trade.

P. S.—Ladies and Milliners can have their bonnets dyed Slate or Fancy Dye, &c. or.

Blank Book Manufactory. THE Subscriber having his store, is prepared to furnish Blank Books of every description, such as Bank and Merchants' Ledgers, Journals, Day Books, Up and Down Freight Books, B. I. Receipt, Note, Cash and Letter Books; Shipping Bills, Bill Heads, Bills of Lading, &c. &c., at short notice and on the most favorable terms.

Also, a large stock of Blank Books kept constantly on hand.

83 E. H. BENDER, 75 State st.

Paper Hangings AND PAPER BOXES.—H. D. HARRIS, Jr., No. 8 Green st., manufacturer and whole-sale dealer in the above, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of every article that can be called for in the above line of business, and will sell at lower prices than can be found this side of New York. The Best of workmen kept to hang our paper. 85

J. & F. Cornelius, GREENBUSH SAW MILL, Greenbush, N. Y.—J. & F. C. would respectfully inform their old friends and the public generally, that they are now prepared to execute all orders in their line of business, with promptness and despatch. Lumber sawed any length, from five to sixty feet. 86-1

To the Ladies.—Ladies if you wish to be suited with Hair work, call at H. Beadall's Store, on the south-west corner of Pearl Street, opposite the Dundee Warehouse. You will find the best assortment in the city; his plain Frizz-its are not to be equaled for workmanship, and the seams will defy scrutiny of the nicest observer to distinguish them from the natural parting of the hair, and he has also a large assortment of Fancy Goods viz: Bows, Pins, a Steel Beads, Purses, Hair, Worsteds, Floss, &c. &c. N. B. is principal agent for Phalon's Hair Invigorator. 71yl

Cheap Millinery. No. 81 1-2 South Pearl Street, (opposite T. B. Ridder's Tobacco Manufactory) Albany. The subscriber respectfully informs the Public that she has on hand an extensive assortment of Millinery suitable for the season, consisting of Bonnets, Ribbons, Feathers, French and American Flowers of all kinds, which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. Bonnets at all prices from \$2 to \$6. Bonnets Cleaned and repaired to order. Cheap and Dress Making will also be attended to. By her experience and former success in the above business, Mrs. Clark hopes to merit and receive a share of the public patronage. 71ms R. CLARK.

Fancy Bookbinding.—THE subscriber is prepared to execute Binding of every description, (such as binding Periodicals, Novels, Music, Harper's Pictorial Bible, Shakespeare, England, &c.) in all the various styles of the art, and at prices as low as at any other establishment in the country. (85) E. H. BENDER, 75 State st.

JAMES SCHUYLER,

Wholesale and retail dealer in

Flour, Grain, Seed, &c. &c.,

No. 87 Bassett st. cor of Franklin, Albany. 99

New Furniture Ware House.—KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE, that the subscribers has removed his Premium Chair Store to No. 288 River st., Troy, where he is constantly Manufacturing Curl maple & Fancy chairs that are not to be beat for Beauty & Price; and has on hand an assortment of Cabinet Ware and Looking Glasses, also a Great Variety of Bedsteads, all of which he will sell Cheap for Cash. The subscribers will pack & ship Chairs for any part of the State or U. S., by sending an order with the Cash & directions. From \$12.00 to \$24.00 per dozen, and will warrant them to be made in the best manner and of the best materials. Troy, April 21, 1848. ROBERT GREEN.

Paper Hangings and Paper Boxes.

The subscriber having opened the store No. 32 Green st., since the last fire, will continue his business, with an entire new stock of Paper Hangings, Borders, Fireboards, Plates, and Curtain Papers of the latest styles, direct from the Factory. His Paper Box Manufactory will go into operation immediately, and any orders in either of the above branches of his business, will be thankfully received and promptly attended to. D. HARRIS, Jr.

The Elements Subjugated.—THE WORLD CHALLENGED—COMPE TITION DEFIED. CO-PARISON SOLICITED: with that incomparable Salve, METZGER'S PAIN ERADICATOR, for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Cancers, Piles, &c. This inestimable Ointment is of so much value and importance, that no family should be without it, even for a single day, as it is associated without fear of contradiction, the most certain cure for scalds and burns ever discovered. No burn or scald can happen, be the pain ever so excruciating, but instant relief is given to the sufferer; by the application of the ointment, the fire is quickly eradicated, and completely removed; and one of its most remarkable traits is, that it leaves not a trace of seam or scur, and that in so short a space of time as to be scarcely credited. The ointment is an efficacious remedy for all soreness and inflammation of the eyes, salivarium, and all cutaneous eruptions, cuts and cancers, as all inflammation is immediately relieved by its application. It is also a never-failing remedy for frost bitten limbs, and its efficacy in the cure of Piles is most safe and certain.

Its almost miraculous cures can be attested by numerous persons in the cities of New York and Albany, and their vicinity, as may be seen by referring to the numerous certificates in the possession of the proprietors at their Depot, a few of which they can only give here for want of room, but refer the public to their pamphlet, which may be had gratuitously of all their agents, and at their store, No. 54 Beaver st.

A HORRIBLE ACCIDENT!—WONDERFUL CURE OF BURNS. On the 4th instant, I, by accident, upset a camphine lamp on myself, which took fire and burned my hands, arms and face most horribly; my hands and arms were literally burnt to a crisp. My wife in assisting to extinguish the flames on me, caught her own clothes on fire, and burnt herself nearly as bad as I was. We immediately sent for a physician, who applied poultices, &c. the usual remedies, but to no purpose. The pain was so intense that it seemed impossible to endure it. I was unable to rest for two days and two nights. I had heard of "METZGER'S PAIN ERADICATOR" as a sure relief in such cases, and procured some of it, and after a single dressing the pain was removed in thirty minutes, and I was able to rest. In twelve days after using this salve, my burns were completely healed. I would strongly recommend every person, especially heads of families, to keep it in their houses, as we are all liable to get burnt or scalded. Albany, May 17, 1848.

HIRAM SPRUNG,

Residence No. 58 Schuyler street.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 54 Beaver street, Albany, N. Y.

MOST ASTONISHING CURE ON RECORD.

Albany, 23d May, 1848.

Messrs. Perkins & Gardiner.—With feelings of most grateful satisfaction, I inform you of the situation of my infant son. When about three months old he was attacked with a disease, the nature or character of which we knew nothing. Believing it to be one of the many maladies to which infants are subject, some simple medicine was administered; but after a few days eruptions began to appear on his neck and face, which continued to spread until it had enveloped his entire head in one immense scab; he became perfectly blind and remained so for more than a month, and discharges of the most offensive character were literally poured from his ears, eyes, nose, and indeed from all parts of his face. While the disease was thus developing itself, physician after physician of very respectable character and standing were consulted. They pronounced it a very dangerous case of malignant scrofula; they each prescribed for him but without any visible effect, and gave it as their opinion that the child could not live much longer. The various Sarsaparilla and other popular medicines of the day were then tried, but with no better effect, the child became visibly worse, until at the end of three or four months we believed the case was utterly hopeless.

About that time a friend called to see me, and on being informed of the child's case and what had been done for him, he suggested a trial of your ANTI-BILIOUS AND ANTI-MERURIAL SYRUP AND PILLS. Despairing of success and disgusted with quackery, I at first positively refused to have any thing more to do with nostrums of any kind, but from the confident manner and strong terms of commendation of your medicine, used by my friend I was at last induced to make one more effort to save my child. I accordingly procured some of your medicine, and, incredible as it may appear, in four or five days the disease was visibly checked, and after using the medicine about three weeks, the scabs had healed and began to drop off, the discharge from his ears, &c. gradually ceased, his sight was restored, and now having used your medicine, and you only, but about six weeks, I think I am warranted in saying my child is in a fair way of being permanently cured, and that I am justified in recommending it to all my friends and acquaintances, as there cannot be a doubt, that under Providence it has been the means of restoring my child to health.

GIDEON G. DYER.

Sworn before me this 26th day of May, 1848.

JOHN TAYLOR, Mayor of Albany.

PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 54 Beaver street, Albany, N. Y.

PERKINS & GARDINER, Sole Proprietors.

Sold by all Druggists in the United States and Canada. 76

For the Million.—WATCHES in all the variety of embellishments, Real Jewellery, Diamond, Ruby, Coral, Turquoise, Cameos, &c. Pure silver ware tea sets, cups, forks, spoons, gold chains. Burs periscope spectacles, gold pens, &c. For sale at the usual Wholesale Prices by the single article at No. 44 State st. the only opposition store in the line in this vicinity. The immense quantities manufactured, bought and sold, at this establishment enables the Proprietors to hold out such extraordinary inducements, positively from 15 to 30 per cent below the usual prices elsewhere, and all warranted, as their goods are of the most reliable quality. Please take our Number, 44 State st. 70yl HOOD & TOBEY, Albany.

The Question is often asked, WHEN SHALL I BE SUCH TORMENTING DISEASES? RELIEVED FROM SUCH TORMENTING DISEASES? With pleasure I will tell you. When you use a reasonable quantity of Doct. Mosher's Compound extract of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, and Wild Cherry. You can find it at A. Mosher & Co's manufactory, 47 & 49 Washington street, Albany, also with their authorized Agents throughout the United States and Canada. It is put up in Quart Bottles, and is one of the greatest discoveries of the age. Its healing properties are so wonderful as to astonish the most eminent Physicians: it cures without sickening or debilitating, and is perfectly safe for old and young; it is also a safe and efficacious female medicine; it is pleasant, cheaper, and more effectual than any like compound now extant.

HEAR THE SOUND FROM THE WHITEHALL DEMOCRAT.

The Editor says, Dr. Mosher's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Wild Cherry, is highly recommended, and Physicians with whom we are well acquainted, and in whom we place the most explicit confidence, pronounce it one of the best panaceas of the age.

See other advertisements and circulars for other certificates

Dunlap's Hotel, ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN, 135 Fulton Street, between Broadway and Nassau, New York, \$2 & \$3 50 per week. Three Shillings per night. 71yl

Protection Regalia. The Subscriber is prepared to furnish at lowest prices and in the best style, the new Official and Members' Regalia for Protectionists. E. VAN SCHAACK, 365 Broadway, Albany.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla;

The most extraordinary Medicine in the world! This Extrae is put up in Quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

Great Spring and Summer Medicine.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other Medicine is, whilst it Eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best Spring and Summer Medicines ever known, it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates New and Rich blood; a power possessed by no other Medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the past two years, more than 35,000 cures of Severe Cases of Disease; at least 5,000 of these were considered incurable. More than 3,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism; 2,000 cases of Diarrhoea; 400 cases of General Debility and Want of Energy; 7,000 cases of the different Female Complaints; 2,000 cases of Scrofula; 1,500 cases of the Liver Complaint. 2,500 cases of disease of the Kidneys and Dropsy; 3,000 cases of Consumption; And Thousands of cases of disease of the Blood, viz: Ulcers, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c., &c. Together with numerous cases of Sick Headache, Pain in the Side and Chest, Spinal Affections, &c., &c.

This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Buskirk, Esq., one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, N. J., informs us that he can refer to more than 150 cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the City of New York, which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character. It is the best medicine for the Preventive of disease known. It undoubtedly saved the lives of more than

5,000 CHILDREN THE PAST SEASON.

As it removed the cause of disease, and prepared them for the Summer season.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Capt. G. W. McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the United States Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway, Jan. 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the Influenza, and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attribute it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believed it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

DYSPEPSIA.

No fluid or medicine has ever been discovered which so nearly resembles the gastric juice or saliva, in decomposing food and strengthening the organs of digestion as their preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Bank Department, Albany, May 10, 1845.

Dr. Townsend: Sir—I have been afflicted for several years with dyspepsia in its worst form, attended with sourness of stomach, loss of appetite, extreme heartburn, and a great aversion to all kinds of food, and for weeks (what I could eat) I have been unable to retain but a small portion on my stomach. I tried the usual remedies but they had but little or no effect in removing the complaint. I was induced, about two months since, to try your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and I must say with little confidence; but after using nearly two bottles, I found my appetite restored, and the heartburn entirely removed; and I would earnestly recommend the use of it to those who have been afflicted as I have been.

Yours, &c. W. W. VAN ZANDT.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a Sovereign and speedy cure for incipient Consumption, Barrenness, Leucorrhoea, or Whites, obstructed or difficult Menstruation, incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system—no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons, all weakness and lassitude, from taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervousness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blest with healthy offspring.

Dr. Townsend: My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such cases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of your Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short period it removed her complaints and restored her health. Being grateful for the benefits she received I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

Albany, Aug. 17, 1844,

Cor of Grand and Lydian sts.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the City of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations of the Sarsaparilla in the market.

H. P. FULING, M. D.

J. WILSON, M. D.

R. B. BRIGGS, M. D.

P. E. ELMENDORF, M. D.

Albany, April 1, 1846.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island:—

Greenport, July 10, 1846.

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—It is with satisfaction that I say to you, that I have recently witnessed, in several cases, the most beneficial results from the use of your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases, and never without benefit. In the removal of disease arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice, &c., it far exceeds any thing of the kind ever before offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen, &c. &c.

Respectfully yours, S. C. PRESTON, M. D.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned, practicing Thomsonian Physicians of the City of Albany, have frequently prescribed Dr. Townsend's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, and from its known qualities, would recommend it to the public for mercurial, scrofulous, and other cutaneous diseases, in preference to any of the advertised remedies now in use.

Albany, April 2, 1846.

A. W. RUSSEL, T. P.

W. M. B. STANTON, T. P.

Principal Office, 126 FULTON Street, Sun Building, N. Y.; Redding & Co., No. 8 State st. Boston; 105 South Pearl st. Albany; and by principal druggists generally, throughout the United States, West Indies and the Canada.

None genuine, except put up in the large square bottles, which contain a quart, and signed with the written signature of S. P. TOWNSEND, and his name blown on the glass. 36yl

Mechanics' Mutual Protection.



THE MECHANIC'S ADVOCATE.

Is published weekly, at No 16 Commercial Buildings, Albany, N. Y.
Terms one dollar per annum, in advance. Address
JOHN TANNER, Publisher.

NOTICE.—The *Mechanics' Advocate* is the
Organ of M. M. Protections U. S. A.; also of the State of New
York. It is, therefore, very desirable that every member should be
in possession of a copy.

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1 U. Lockport,.....Fri	32 Salina,.....Sat
2 Rochester,.....Wed	33 Little Falls,.....We
3 Utica,.....Mon	34 Lansingburgh,.....Thurs
4 Schenectady,.....Wed	35 New-York,.....Thurs
5 New-York,.....Tues	36 Danville,.....Wed
6 L. Lockport,.....Mon	37 New-York,.....Wed
7 Brooklyn,.....Tues	38 Troy,.....Thurs
8 Poughkeepsie,.....Sun. Char	39 New-York,.....Thurs
9 Waterloo,.....Fri	40 Middleport,.....Tues
10 Troy,.....Wed	41 New-York,.....Wed
11 New-York,.....Tues	42 Rochester,.....Tues
12 New-York,.....Tues	43 Saratoga Springs,.....Mon
13 Batavia,.....Tues	44 Albany,.....Wed
14 Geneva,.....Thurs	45 Buffalo,.....Thurs
15 S. Troy,.....Sat	46 Whitesboro,.....Mon
16 Buffalo,.....Tues	47 O.wego,.....Tues
17 Medina,.....Wed	48 Theresa,.....Fri
18 New-York,.....Thurs	49 Elmira,.....Mon
19 New-York,.....Mon	50 Auburn,.....Wed
20 Frankfort,.....Mon	51 Newark,.....Fri
21 Albany,.....Fri	52 Canton,.....Fri
22 Albany,.....Mon	53 Oswego,.....Fri
23 Rome,.....Sat	54 Albany,.....Wed
24 Auburn,.....Thurs	55 Seneca Falls,.....Wed
25 Buffalo,.....Fri	56 Jordan,.....Sat
26 Ithaca,.....Thurs	57 New-York,.....Fri
27 Canandaigua,.....Thurs	58 Westfield,.....Thurs
28 New-York,.....Mon	59 Port Byron,.....Sat
29 Penn Yan,.....Thurs	60 Brownville,.....Mon
30 Syracuse,.....Fri	61 Troy,.....Fri
31 Watertown,.....Wed	62 New-York,.....Fri

Ohio	
1 Cleveland,.....Thurs	14 Salem,.....Tues
2 Fairsville,.....Mon	15 New Lisbon,.....Sun. Char
3 Massillon,.....Tues	16 Canal Dover,.....Fri
4 Akron,.....Thurs	17 Ohio City,.....Tues
5 Ohio City,.....Wed	18 Navarre,.....Mon
6 Cleveland,.....Tues	19 Youngstown,.....Wed
7 Elvira,.....Tues	20 Ashland,.....Fri
8 Warren,.....Sat	21 Mansfield,.....Sat
9 Canton,.....Thurs	22 Newark,.....Mon
10 Cincinnati,.....Wed	23 New Philadelphia,.....Sat
11 Cuyahoga Falls,.....Mon	24 Cincinnati,.....Sat
12 Wooster,.....Tues	25 Tiffin,.....Sat
13 Canfield,.....Mon	

Michigan	
1 Grand Rapids,.....Mon	4 Albion,.....Tues
2 Marshall,.....Mon	5 Hillsdale,.....Tues
3 Jackson,.....Mon	

Pennsylvania	
1 Philadelphia,.....Mon	2 Pittsfield,.....Tues
	3 Lancaster,.....Tues
Wisconsin Territory	
1 Milwaukee,.....Mon	2 Rochester,.....Tues

OFFICERS OF THE GRAND PROTECTION U. S. A.

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1 J C Stanley, Akron.	3 J W White, Newark.
2 I Matthews, Massillon.	4 H H Martin, Cincinnati.

Auburn, Nov. 8, 1848.

BRO. TANNER.—On account of several of our of-
ficers having declined serving, our present list will
stand different from the published one. Please publish
and spell as I have written the following list:

PROTECTION No. 24, Auburn.—R. S. Parish, s.
P.; R. Sparks, J. P.; E. G. Howe, R. S.; A. Eggleston,
F. S.; J. H. Parsons, TREAS.; H. D. Barron, P.

PROTECTION No. 50, Auburn.—H. M. Stone, s.
P.; J. H. Choate, J. P.; B. A. Tuttle, R. S.; G. W.
Stuart, F. S.; D. B. Kellum, TREAS.; A. W. Bod-
man, P.

Yours, &c.,

Workingmen's Meeting in Troy.

The Mechanics and Workingmen of the city of Troy,
met at the Court House, agreeable to a call of their
Committee, on Saturday evening, Nov. 4th, 1848.

The meeting was organized by calling CHARLES
PHELPS to the Chair, and appointing E. G. Wellin-
gton, Aaron Hall, J. G. Woodruff, and Benj. Babcock,
Vice Presidents, and George Hockett and Charles
Burns, Secretaries.

The Chairman announced the objects of the meeting
to be, to promote a permanent organization of the Me-
chanics and Workingmen of the city, and to adopt a
series of Resolutions bearing upon subjects connected
with their interests as operatives and citizens.

On motion of Robert Green, which was unanimously
carried, a Committee were appointed to dra't Resolutions
expressing the views of the meeting, and J. S. Wash-
burn, J. W. Malone, and S. D. W. Barnett, were cho-
sen as such committee.

Mr. Washburn, after a few pertinent remarks upon
the wrongs of the working classes of this community,
introduced to the meeting Mr. J. A. Canoll, of Albany,
who enchaind the attention of the audience for an hour
and a quarter, with an eloquent and finished address,
which elicited the most enthusiastic applause.

J. S. Washburn, Chairman of the Committee on
Resolutions, then reported the following Preamble and
Resolutions, which were adopted unanimously:

Believing that the present prevailing system of labor
in this country is inimical to the best interests of
the working classes, physically, socially and intellectu-
ally; and believing the dependent and lowly condition
of the producing classes throughout the world, is the
legitimate result of unjust legislation in the creation of
privileged orders, vested with exclusive rights to ac-
cumulate wealth by the sacrifice of those who produce it;
and believing that we have been casting our suffrages
for representatives who make laws directly at war with
our happiness and prosperity, instead of supporting men
who will be true to the great and fundamental doctrines
of justice and humanity; therefore,

Resolved, That we will not support any man for the
Legislature of this State who will not pledge himself to
use all the influence of his station, if elected, to secure
the passage of a law limiting the hours of LABOR to
TEN per day.

Resolved, That Justice and Equity demand the pas-
sage of a LIEN LAW in this State, in order to protect
the Mechanics and Workingmen from the fraud and
insolvency of their employers.

Resolved, That the present system of STATE'S PRIS-
on labor in this State is unjust and oppressive to the
Mechanics and Workingmen, and our Representative
in the next Legislature is hereby instructed to use his
influence for the abolition of the same.

Resolved, That in the judgment of this meeting the
unappropriated PUBLIC LANDS ought not to be dis-
posed of to speculators and monopolists, but should be
reserved for the occupancy of ACTUAL SETTLERS,
only in limited quantities at a cost only of survey and
entry.

Resolved, That we consider the conduct of those
JOURNALS in this city highly censurable that have
been endeavoring to bring down contempt upon the
working classes, by basely slandering one of their ablest
advocates, Mr. Kilbourne, of Albany, well known to be
an honest and industrious citizen; and we very much
regret that a portion of our neighbors should feel so in-
dignant at a man who happens to appear in public in a
"striped shirt." We have yet to learn that costly
garb and lofty bearing are the only index of a noble
and generous heart.

On motion, a Committee of three, consisting of J. S.
Washburn, J. W. Malone and L. S. Stebbins, was ap-

pointed to wait upon the several gentlemen who are
nominated by the different parties as candidates for the
office of Assemblyman in District No. 1, and request
them to attend the meeting and express their views up-
on the sentiments embodied in the Resolutions.

During the absence of the Committee, Mr. Woodruff
being called for, rose and addressed the meeting in an
able and lucid manner.

Mr. Rodgers was then called for, and in his usual
happy manner pointed out the true course for the Me-
chanics and Workingmen to pursue in the attainment
of their rights and privileges as American citizens.

The Committee then introduced Mr. G. H. Vail, as
one of the candidates for the Assembly, who was re-
ceived with abounded applause.

Mr. Vail said that the resolutions received his unqua-
lified approbation, and upon all occasions would receive
his most cordial support.

This announcement was received with great cheer-
ing.

The Committee reported that Mr. Hadley was out of
town, and they had been unable to procure the presence
of Mr. Ide, not knowing where to find him.

Mr. Stebbins then addressed the meeting upon the
rights of the producing classes, which was well receiv-
ed.

It was then moved and carried unanimously, that
Mr. VAIL be the nominee of the MECHANIC and
WORKING CLASSES of this city.

On motion, the thanks of the Meeting were tendered
to the gentleman from Albany, for his able and eloquent
address.

On motion, a committee of three from each ward was
appointed to perfect a permanent organization of the
Mechanics and Workingmen of this city, consisting of
the following gentlemen:

1st Ward—J. Walker, W. A. Shaw, and A. Mooney.
2d Ward—C. Corps, Geo. Farrington, and D. H. Well-
ington. 3d Ward—J. S. Washburn, H. T. Hyde, and
John Coon. 4th Ward—R. Green, J. D. Green, and
B. Babcock. 5th Ward—J. G. Woodruff, G. Holland,
and S. D. N. Bennett. 6th Ward—George Hockett,
T. Carlin and J. Franks. 7th Ward—Chas. Rodgers,
J. W. Malone and A. Hall. 8th Ward—C. Brownell,
E. G. Wellington and Moses Upiam.

On motion, the proceedings of the meeting were or-
dered published in the papers of this city, in the Me-
chanic's Advocate, and in the West Troy Advocate.

The meeting then adjourned.

CHARLES PHELPS, Chairman.

E. G. Wellington,
A. Hall,
J. G. Woodruff,
B. Babcock, Jr.,

} Vice Presidents.

Geo. Hockett,
C. Burns,

} Secretaries.

New Inventions.

A NEW TELEGRAPH.—The Baltimore Clipper
says: "Mr. George Mathiot of this city, has made an
improvement on the receiving magnet invented by Pro-
fessor Morse, by two independent and distinct engines
or machines at a distant station, using at the same time
but a single wire between the places—a result which
has hitherto been supposed impossible to be obtained
except by the use of two wires. One of the applica-
tions which Mr. Mathiot has made of his invention is
the working of two pens on Morse's instrument, by
which it is enabled to write nearly twice as fast as with
one pen: and instead of the alphabet used by Professor
Morse, a symbolical alphabet is formed, quite as dis-
tinct and varied as the common English alphabet."

From the above description we would be led to in-
fer that two different messages could be sent upon one
wire at the same time, which is an impossibility. Two
or three pens can be used with Morse's telegraph and
his alphabet is a good one—yet we do not think his
telegraphic invention is the climax, but we would like
to know the improvement on the magnet spoken of
above, which at once doubles the value of Morse's in-
vention.